

## **GEOGRAPHY CURRICULUM PROGRESSION OVERVIEW**

Year Group	Locational and Place Knowledge	Human and Physical Geography	Geographical Skills and Fieldwork
EYFS	-Where we livelearn address (door number and street). Types of houses and identifying own. Locate chn's homes on Google EarthExpand to locating school, map of school (through text Alone in the Woods- direct Ted from school forest to classroom)Local area Wednesfield and it's landmarks relative closeness to school and other local places e.g. New Cross Hospital, Bentley Bridge Retail Park, draw a route from home to school -Zoom out on Google Earth observe location of UK. Name the x4 countriesAfrica- location on world map, 'continent' introduced, observe size of Africa and compare to UK plus distanceRegister answered in variety of languages. Location of country and language used when country introduced.	-Where we live: What do we see / hear on way to school? Draw pictures of observations on a simple 'map'Season mind maps e.g. 'What do you know about Autumn?' Discuss main features, weather, observations/signs of what we see, hear, feel in each season. Revisit and annotate mind map at the end of topic to show progress in knowledgeCaring for the environment- The importance of looking after Bees (through text Bumble Bear). Caring for minibeasts, habitats and showing respect for environmentAfrica- Comparisons between UK and Africa, e.g. Day in the life of African child. (*Link to achieving International School Award.) Comparison of houses and homes, school life, scarcity and uses of water- raise money for Water Aid. Introduction to term 'climate / temperature' e.g. Savanna wet / dry season. Compare to UK seasonsRegister- brief introduction of language, climate, distance and links to EAL chn / staff each time new country introduced.	-Google Earth / Google maps- Introduction to bird's eye viewSimple routes from home to schoolSeasonal walks / forest visits- observing the signs of the season. Chn comment on what they observe and any changes from the previous season e.g. weather getting cooler -Purpose of maps, make own maps (often through literacy) e.g. stick man to find his way home, treasure map for pirates to find treasure (text- Boy on the beach) use of prepositional language, directions.  Ed Visit- Pendeford Mill- features of a forest, first-hand experience of exploring natural environment, following a route, water safety, minibeast hunt.
I can	Comment and ask questions about aspects of my familiar world such as the place where I live or the natural world (UW:TW)	Show care and concern for living things and the environment. (UW:TW) Show an interest in different ways of life (UW:P&C)	Look closely at similarities, differences, patterns and change. (UW:TW)  Talk about why things happen and how things work.  (UW:TW)

Year 1	
I can	

- -Locate UK on world map. Name and locate x4 countries of the United Kingdom.
- -Explore where Wolverhampton is in relation to other places in UK- zoom in on Wolverhampton using Google Earth and observe features of local city.
- -Locate different locations of UK on world on UK map (through Paddington Bear's adventures (London, Snowdon, Edinburgh, Giant's Causeway) and famous landmarks in each country. on UK map/atlas, Google Earth, large scale birds eye view and drawing their own simple maps of the local area
- -Locations of animal habitats / environments on world map.
- -Observe Climate on world map (red- hot / yellow- temperate / blue- cold)

- -Animals living in different environments link to climates around the world and map work.
- -Landmarks of the UK e.g. Big Ben, London Eye, Snowdon, Edinburgh Castle. How could we travel to each location? Scottish tradition-tartan and link to families. Legend of the Causeway- discuss properties of the pillars.
- -Climates around the world- introduce term 'equator'. Recap terms 'country / continents. Where will climate be hottest?
- -Mind map animals- research it's location and add animal to world map. What is climate like? Why do they live there? -Compare similarities / differences between penguins and giraffes-compare environments (Antarctica & Africa). Choose animal ad write a fact file. Compare further contrasting environments further between snow leopard and lion
- -Comparison of houses and homes in local area using Google Earth Street Walk.
- -Big book- types of houses. -Study of housing and comparing to those other countries/climates- how houses suite environment / materials made from e.g. compare housing in Arctic and Rainforest.
- -Study and compare climate in Arctic and Rainforest- draw house suitable for each climate.
- -Recap journey from home to school.

(mountains & plains.

- -Google Earth- locate UK in the world. Zoom into UK, given landmarks and Wolverhampton.
- -Locating UK on World map. Identify capital cities of each country.
- -Locating UK countries on UK map. skills relating to the UK. Locate land and sea.
- -Routes of travelling from each landmark.
- -Colour code climates on a world map.
- -Research own animal facts using zoo website and information books.
- -Features of zoo map- key, birds eye view, aerial photos. Draw own map of imaginary zoo and label.
- -Recap purpose of map & Birds Eye View.
- -Study map of school and symbols used- locate and mark key places on map.
- -Google Earth street walk- view types of houses.
- Climate map used to identify climate zones.
- -Draw route from home to school.

**Ed Visit**- WILD- animals from around the world. (previously Dudley Zoo-adapted to needs of chn).

Name, locate and identify the characteristics of the 4 countries and capital cities of the UK., including landmarks of Wolverhampton (Molineux)

Understand the geographical similarities and differences through studying the human and physical geography of contrasting areas within the UK – London, Snowdon.

Identify the human and physical features of the two localities studied:

- Wolverhampton and Wales
- Wolverhampton and Edinburgh
- Wolverhampton to Ireland

Begin to understand that different parts of the world have different weather/climate – link to animals living in different environments

Locate hot and cold areas of the world in relation to the Equator and the North / South poles. Compare the Arctic to a Rainforest.

Ask simple geographical questions e.g. What is it like to live in this place?

Use simple maps of the local area e.g. large-scale print, pictorial, aerial photos etc.

Use world maps to identify UK and it's countries. Use locational language (e.g. near and far, left and right) to describe the location of features and routes on a map Use simple fieldwork and observational skills to study the geography of their school and its grounds and the key human and physical features of its surrounding environment.

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- -Look at plan of school and its features- add features e.g. forest, lazy lawn etc...Locate key places on school map.
- -Locate UK on globe / world map/ google earth. Zoom into Wolverhampton, Wednesfield, Woden Avenue.
- -Name and locate x4 countries of UK.
- -Use world map and atlas to observe countries grouped into continents (continents song)
- -Locate Polar regions / Antarctica on world map and Sahara Desert.
- -Name and locate 5 oceans on world map.
- -Exploring the continents and oceans Google Earth compared to world atlas, fact sharing for each continent.
- -Locate Africa / Kenya on world map and atlas. \*Link with school in Zambia\*

-Look at and compare environments around the world. Which are densely / sparsely populated. Take into account- climate, terrain, jobs etc...Use population density on world map to discuss.

- -Recap names and locations of 7 continents- IWB fact file for each. 'Beat the Geographer' quiz naming continents.
- -Research interesting facts- ICT.
- -Considering climates around the world including hot and cold areas in relation to the Equator and the North and South Poles e.g. Antarctica / Sahara Desert- animals, plants, climate, temperature, nomads.
- -Name oceans and discuss importance e.g. 70% Earths surface, 700,00 species and plants that provide oxygen. -Home research opportunity- How reduce the amount of plastic we throw away?
- -Discuss human / physical features of Africa / Kenya e.g. facts, flag, Tana River, Mount Kenya, compare and contrast to UK at all opportunities.
- -Discuss cultural aspects of Kenya and create fact book e.g. school, capital city, climate, National Park, animals, Massai People etc...
- -Compare and contrast 'A Day in the life' to our own lives. \*Linked with school in Zambia 2022-2023 for International School Award. Reverted to Kenya due to lack of communication from link school. \*

- -Differences between map and plan (plans map of small area in more detail).
- -Draw map of classroom layout- use symbols to represent objects, draw and label plan of classroom.
- -Plan of school- discuss orientation and features- add features e.g. forest, lazy lawn etc...
- -Use grid reference to locate objects and record grid reference e.g. treasure on a map.
- -Use of x4 compass points. Look at a real compass outside and line up with the compass marked on the playground. Run to various compass points on request.
- -Find and record routes from start to x3 different places using directions.
- -Key on a map- recap purpose. Plot buildings onto map and devise a key for them.
- -Locate UK on globe / world map / Google Earth. Zoom into Wolverhampton, Wednesfield, Woden Avenue.
- -Recap country names. Chn locate UK on world map and record location of UK countries using compass points.
- -Learn about countries grouped into continents- chn explore using atlases. (Continents song)
- -Plan a trip around the world for Santa.
- ICT map of school including basic orienteering
- -Population graphs / Population density on world map.
- -Locate Africa / UK on world map.
- \*Wildlife project Save the Bees 2025

I can... Name and locate the world's 7 continents and 5 oceans, understanding the terms 'continent' and 'ocean/sea'.

Understand that a world map shows all the countries in the world. Identify the UK and the countries where members of the class come from.

Understand the geographical similarities and differences through studying the human and physical geography of a small area of the UK and of a small area in a contrasting non-European country

Identify seasonal and daily weather patterns in the UK.

Identify the location of hot and cold areas in the world in relation to the Equator and the North and South Poles.

Identify the human and physical features of the two localities studied.

Use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the United Kingdom and its countries, as well as the countries, continents and oceans studied at this key stage

Fieldwork to develop knowledge and understanding of the school and local area.

Use simple compass directions North, South, East and West to begin to describe the location of features and routes on a map

Year	Locational and Place Knowledge	Human and Physical Geography	Geographical Skills and Fieldwork
Group			
Year 3	-Locate bodies of water around the worldRecap location and names of 5 oceans and 7 continents- label on mapLabel rivers on map of BritainLocate Italy / Europe on world map and map of EuropeLocate and name Italy landmarks e.g. Tower of Pisa, Trevi fountain, Colosseum etcLocate coastline (link to popularity of sea food)Locate USE / New York on world mapLocate New York state on USA map and bordering states.  Italy/UK comparison and natural disaster. Locate Italy and neighbouring countries in Europe. Climate and landscape features. New York study.	-Identify different bodies of water e.g. oceans, lakes, rivers etcand facts / features of each e.g. man-made, natural, fresh water, salt water.  -Recap and discuss facts about 5 oceans and 7 continents.  -Water cycle- discuss stages using key vocab e.g. evaporate.  -Draw stages of a river. Causes and consequences of floods.  -How water is cleaned, used and scarcity of water in Africa, importance of water conservation.  -Features of Italy e.g. mountains, islands, seas, rivers, cities e.g. Vatican City and Pope.  -Comparison of Rome / London- temperature, compare temperature data and make predictions. Display on bar chart.  -Sketch landmark from Italy and make notes about each.  -Italy Day- sports played, Italian foods.  -Create A3 Italy fact file  -Locate New York, USA-  -Recap bodies of water- NY borders Atlantic Ocean, Lake Eerie, Lake Ontario (Canada).  -Shade natural features of NY state on map and use key e.g. mountain ranges, lakes. NYC facts e.g. x5 boroughs, landmarks e.g. Empire State Building, Wall Street etc  New York Study- link to History (of states), flags, animals, mottos, boroughs.	-Label 3 rivers and seas on a map- create a keyWorld map/ Europe map- locate Italy and bordering countries. Shade countries on map and use a key -Chn use labelled map to locate places / features of ItalyLondon / Rome temperature data recorded on bar chart and comparedOrienteering activity on playground -8-point compass points, birds eye view, atlas work, creating keys.
I can	Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping (Google Earth) to locate the countries of Europe, including Russia.  -Locate the world's countries, using maps to focus on Europe and North/South America -Identify the key physical and human characteristics, countries and major cities e.g. rivers, mountains, capitals, landmarks.  -Know the position and significance of the Equator, the Tropic of Cancer and the Tropic of Capricorn.  -Compare a region of the UK with a region of Italy with a different climate. Identify similarities and differences between this region of Italy and a region of the UK.	Describe aspects of physical geography including rivers, mountains (avalanche) and the water cycle  Identify key landmarks within Italy and later a focus on New York	Understand the 8 compass points and use them to explain/identify points on a map and to describe one country in relation to another in terms of position  Orienteering: using the correct skills and equipment to plan and carry out on site orienteering around school

Year 4	-Identify and plot the location of famous mountains/ranges and volcanoes within the UK and across Europe/the world on a map / atlasRevise mountains of the UKRecap continents and label on map alongside mountainsLocate highest mountain in world (Mount Everest)Locate and plot volcanoes on world mapLocate where earthquakes happen around the worldLocate and colour tectonic plates on world mapLocate Greece on world map and atlas.	-Definition and features of mountains Study of mountains (including avalanches) volcanoes and earthquakes, identifying specific regions that have the above. How these form/happen/are measured and how people learn to live in these regions.  -Compare x2 mountain ranges in Europe and label on map e.g. Lake District, Alps. Match mountain facts to correct mountain ranges. Dangers of mountains to Humans -Natural disasters e.g. avalanches. Features of a glacierDiscuss the climate on a mountain- compare charts of precipitation, which animals live there and how they have adapted. Draw two mountain animals and draw how they surviveDefinition of volcano. Describe what it is, name features and label a cross section of a volcano. Research using secondary sources of information. Layers of the Earth, how volcanoes are formed- research eruptions, design poster explaining chosen eruptions. Effects of volcanic eruptions on local population- plan newspaper reports to write about the features and effectsDefine earthquakes, explain how they happen, how measured, effects of earthquakes on population. How have people adapted their lives / buildings / warning systems e.g. Japan warning soundLabel physical features of Greece on a world mapCompare Greece & UK- size, rainfall, sea temperatures, houses. Discuss pros and cons for both countries. Write blog post for tourist website- persuading tourists to visitZoom in on various parts of Greece to observe terrain, coast, country, mountains, islands. Recap mountains- Mount Olympus. Compare climates with Athens & Bridlington-discuss difference. Chn sample Greek food, cc link to History-Ancient Greece Olympic Games. Comparative study between UK and modern Greece — location and geology, weather, food	-Record on pas where mountain ranges are -Locating and plotting mountains and volcanoes using an atlasInterpret graphs / charts of precipitationLocate and plot volcanoes on world mapRichter scale- how earthquakes are measured. Draw Richter scale and plot on recent earthquakes- draw the effectsLocate and colour tectonic plates on world mapGoogle Earth Greece- zoom in various parts of Greece to compareMap work- highlight Greece and border countries and surrounding seasMet Office weather data for Greece and UK. Draw bar chart and plot temperatures.  Carry out independent research on a mountain/range of their choice (can also be carried out for home learning/mini project)  Orienteering opportunities on school site  Ed Visit- Cannock Chase- Compare temperature of forest to rainforest.
I can	Understand geographical similarities and differences of a region of the UK, European country and elsewhere	Describe and understand the key aspects of physical geography including mountains, volcanoes, earthquakes/avalanches e.g. naming the 5 types of mountain formation and how they are formed	Use maps, atlas, computers to locate and describe features studied

Year 5	-Locate and name Deserts around the worldUse locations of deserts to analyse climate data and make linksLocate and name rainforests around the world-label on a world mapLocate polar regions around the world e.g. Arctic, Antarctic, Russia, Sibera.  Deserts, rainforests and polar lands topics	-What make it a desert? Describe key features. Link to the term 'biome' and compare hot / cold deserts- similarities and differences of climates across both, climate data analysisStudy of the animals which live in certain climates/environments (desert/rainforest/polar) and how they have adapted to these regions e.g. camels. What / where are their habitats? -How have plants adapted to survive in the desert? Comparison with British woodland plantsComparing the lives of people in the rainforest and in the desert and how climate can affect lives. Study nomadic tribe in desert and write survival tips. How do people earn a living in the desert using natural resources? -How have towns / cities that have been built in the desert have sufficient water? -Why are rainforests able to thrive there? -How is each layer of the rainforest suited to the plants / animals that thrive there? -Comparison- Is it harder to live in the Rainforest or England? -Study similarities / differences in each polar regionPositives / negatives of migrating, hibernating and being a resident animal in a polar region.	-Locate deserts, rainforests and polar regions on world map including the equator and tropics of cancer and CapricornAnalysis of climate data -Research- survival tips in desert/ desert citiesVenn diagrams to compare Arctic and Antarctic and hot / cold deserts.  Visitor: Rainforest Dave- photos, artefacts and insects from his many visits e.g. blow pipe, vomit fruit. Q&A session, creatures e.g. tarantula and millipede, tribal jewellery making and face paint.
I can	Understand the difference between the Northern and Southern hemisphere. Understand the term 'climate zones' and identify some differing ones. Touch upon global warming and its implications. A focus on biomes: A biome is a large region of Earth that has a certain climate and certain types of living things e.g. Tundra, Desert, Grassland, Tropical Rain Forest. Identify these on the world map. Focus on biomes of Antarctica, Amazon rainforest (covered within existing topics). Whilst studying the Amazon and Antarctica, make comparisons with the UK.	regions of Russia / Siberia.  Describe and understand key aspects of physical geography including climate zones and biomes that can be studied through desert/rainforest/polar lands  Describe aspects of human geography: types of settlement and land use, plus the distribution of natural resources	Use maps, atlas, computers to locate and describe features studied  Use maps, atlases, globes and digital mapping to locate countries and describe features studied

Year 6	Study of South America (linked to Mayan topic) -Recap of names / locations of continents. Locating and naming countries within South America using atlas (including labelling capital cites & rivers) -Locate major cites of South AmericaIdentify where North Americas natural resources	-Explore physical features of South America, population and life expectancy. Compare this to EuropeDefinition of human / physical features e.g. human- man made with real life photo examples to compareExplore physical features of two contrasting South America countries -How do people survive living in Atacama Desert as one of	-Locate continents, Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn on world mapLocate South America and it's 12 countries using world map, atlasExplore population pyramids and uses, create ownAnalysing world population growth dataConverting population percentages into a population
	areLocate Atacama Desert in Chile (on Tropic of Capricorn) -Locate and focus on Chile and explore features including comparison of climate, economic situation (physical and human features)	driest places in the world.  -Humans can turn fog into water/ -Definition of economic activity- what economic activity occurs in Sout America e.g Argentina- beef / Columbia- coffee / Venezuela- oil rig etcCompare with the economic activity of UKChile focus- explore physical / human features- chn decide own questions they want answering and researchDouble page spread comparison of Chile / UK including physical/human features, population, climate, wildlife, fin factsPopulation study- where are the worlds people? Why does population change? Explore population pyramid. Review how UK population has changed birth / death rates, challenges of an ageing population with examples etcCreate a population pyramid and explore why they are usefulExplore challenges of increased population density and why slums develop around rapidly growing cities. Focus on the	mapMap and atlas skills, plus O.S. map skills
		slums of Rocinha, Kibera and Dharavi and the challenges of pollutionExplore Globalisation- how it changes the way we communicate, how it affects trade, what does it have to do with food / fashion? -Discuss fait trade and the ethics that surround it.	
I can	Locate the worlds countries using maps to focus on Europe and South America, concentrating on their environmental regions, key physical and human characteristics, countries and major cities Identify the position ad significance of latitude/longitude, equator, hemisphere and tropics (plus time zones)  Understand geographical similarities and	Identify the lines of latitude/longitude, equator and the hemispheres and tropics  Describe and understand the key aspects of physical geography including climate zones  Time zones (including Maths link)	Use maps, atlases, globes and digital mapping to locate countries and describe features studied  Use 6-figure grid references, symbols and keys, longitude and latitude
	differences through the study of human and physical geography of a UK region and a region in South America (Chile)		